

Lycopodiidae

- Enacije (nisu vaskularizovane ili jesu samo pri osnovi), mikrofilii
- Ligula
- Sporofili, trofofilii
- Bubrežaste sporangije
- Strobilusi, sporonosne zone
- Izospore (dvopolni gametofit), heterospore (jednopolni gametofit)
- Dihotomija, nejednaka dihotomija
- Adventini korjeni, bez korjenovih dlaka

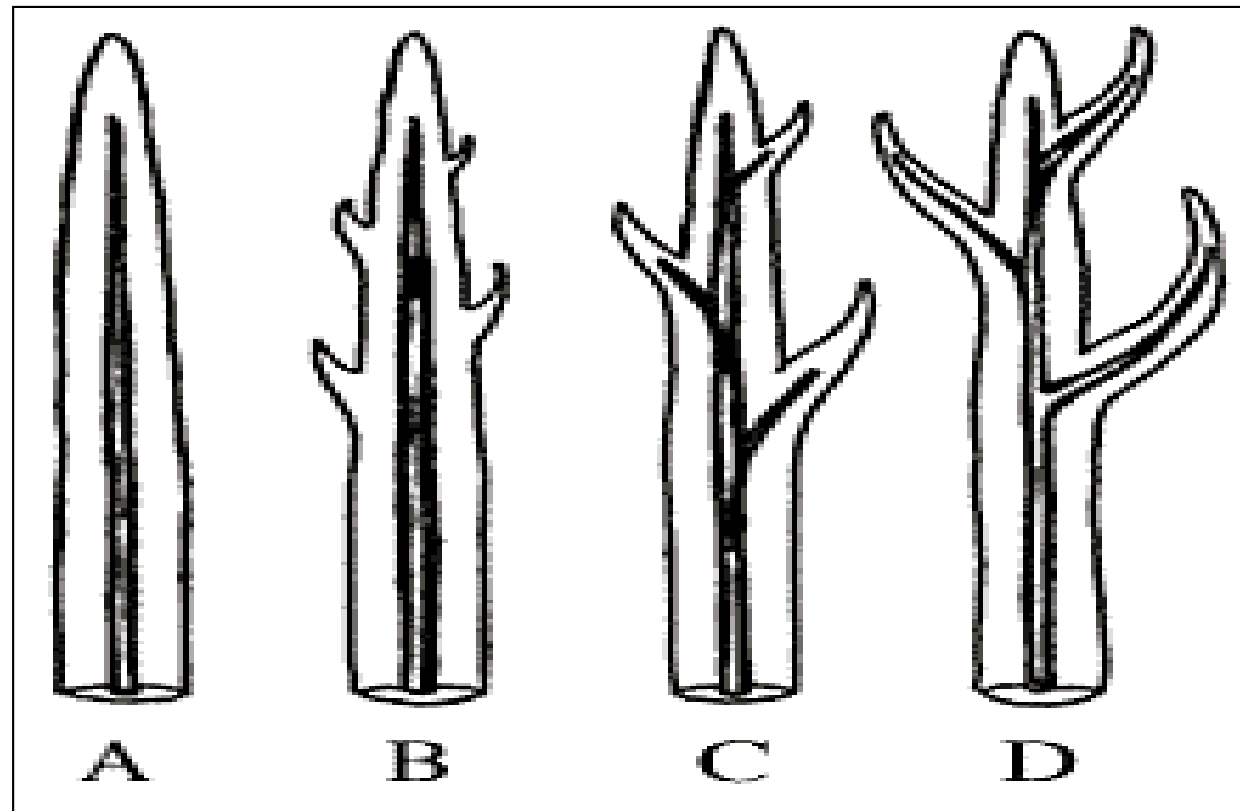
Vaskularizacija kod *Zosterophyllum*, *Sawdonia*, *Asteroxylon* i *Leclercqia* (Kenrick i Crane, 1997).

(A) *Zosterophyllum* (gola osovina, ovalna protostela),

(B) *Sawdonia* (enacije, bez provodnih elemenata)

(C) *Asteroxylon* (enacije sa provodnim elementima koji zalaze u njenu osnovu),

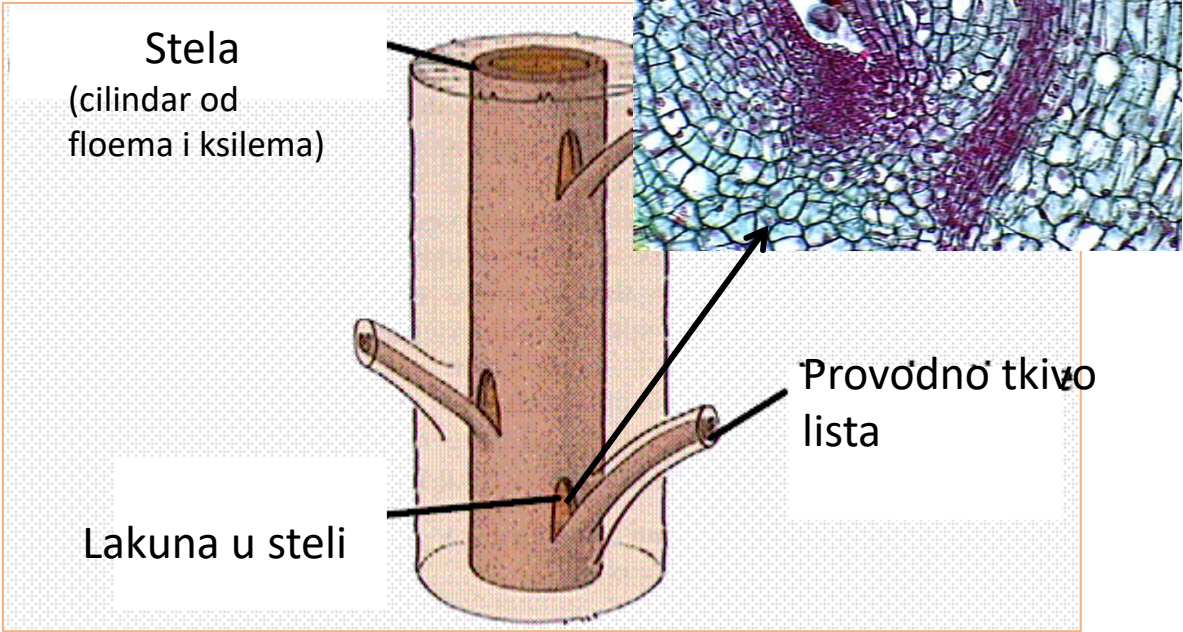
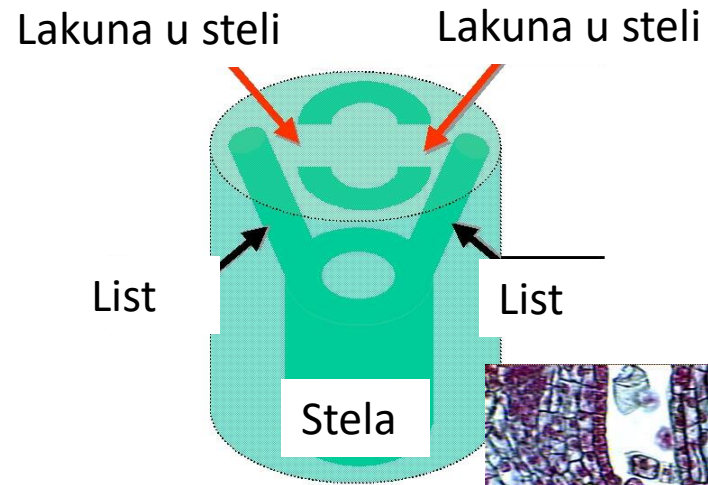
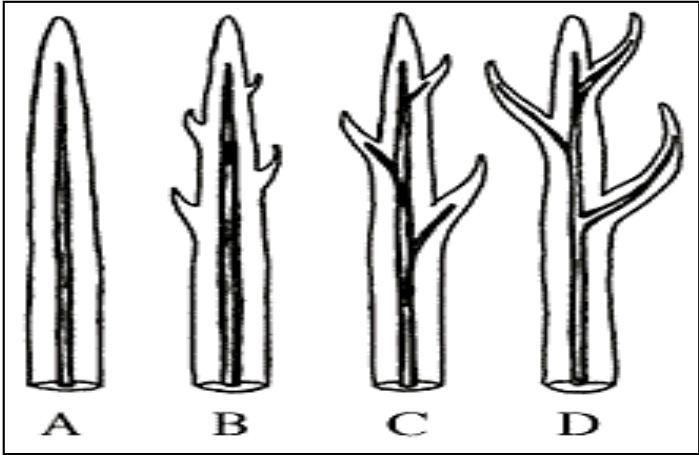
(D) *Leclercqia* (osovina sa vaskularizovanim mikrofilima).



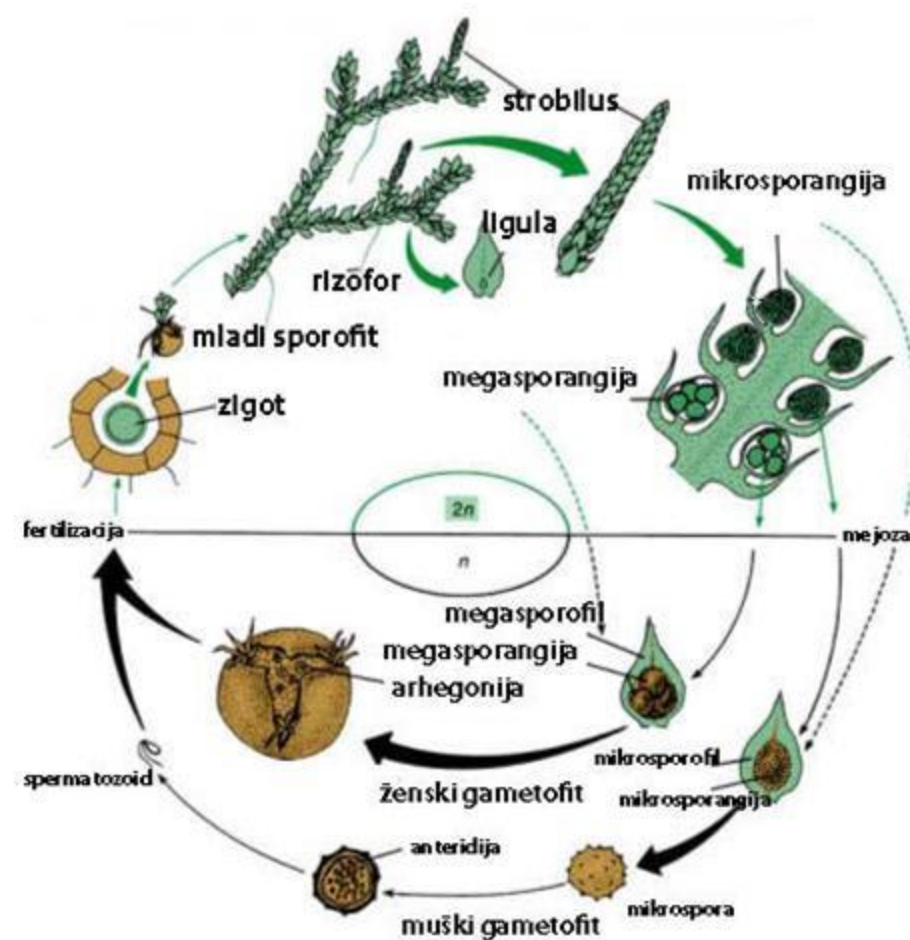
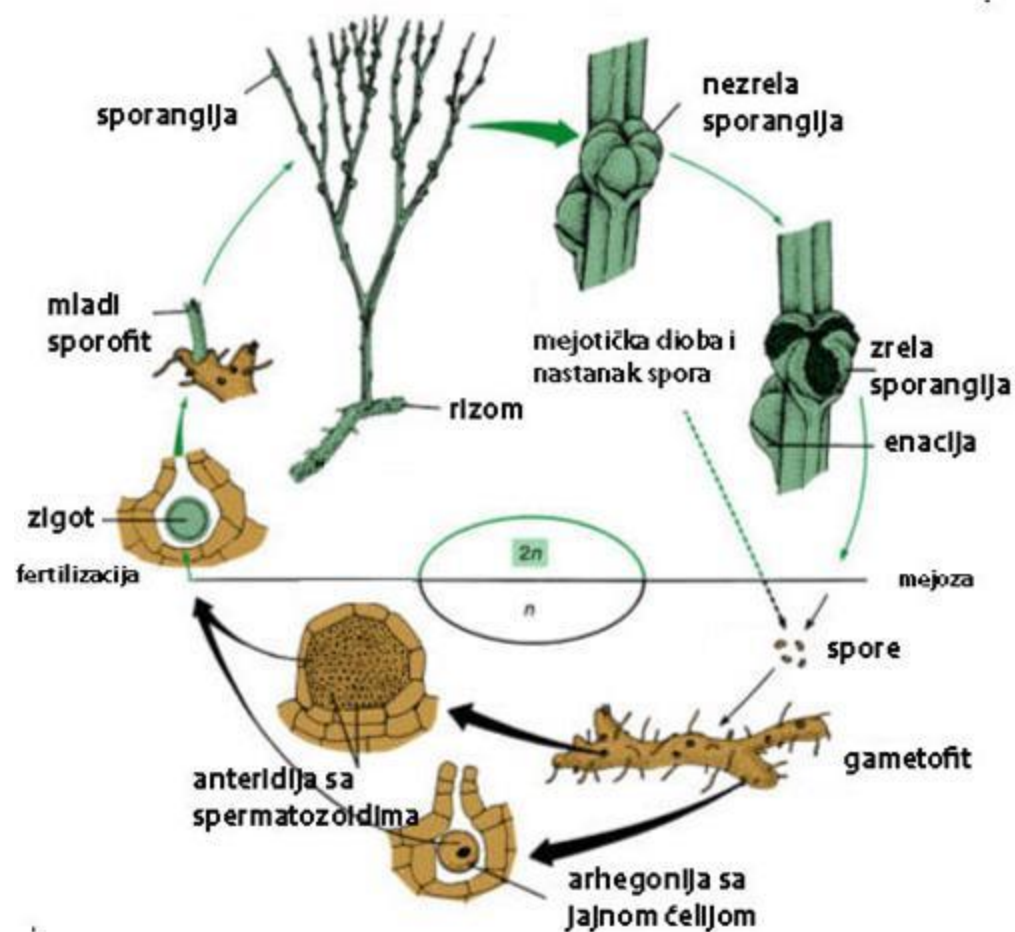
Enacije i mikrofilii- bez lakuna u steli

Telomni listovi- sa lakunama u steli

Enacije, mikrofilii- bez lakuna u steli



Ciklus razvića izo- i heterospornih prečica



Jednodomo, jednopolno

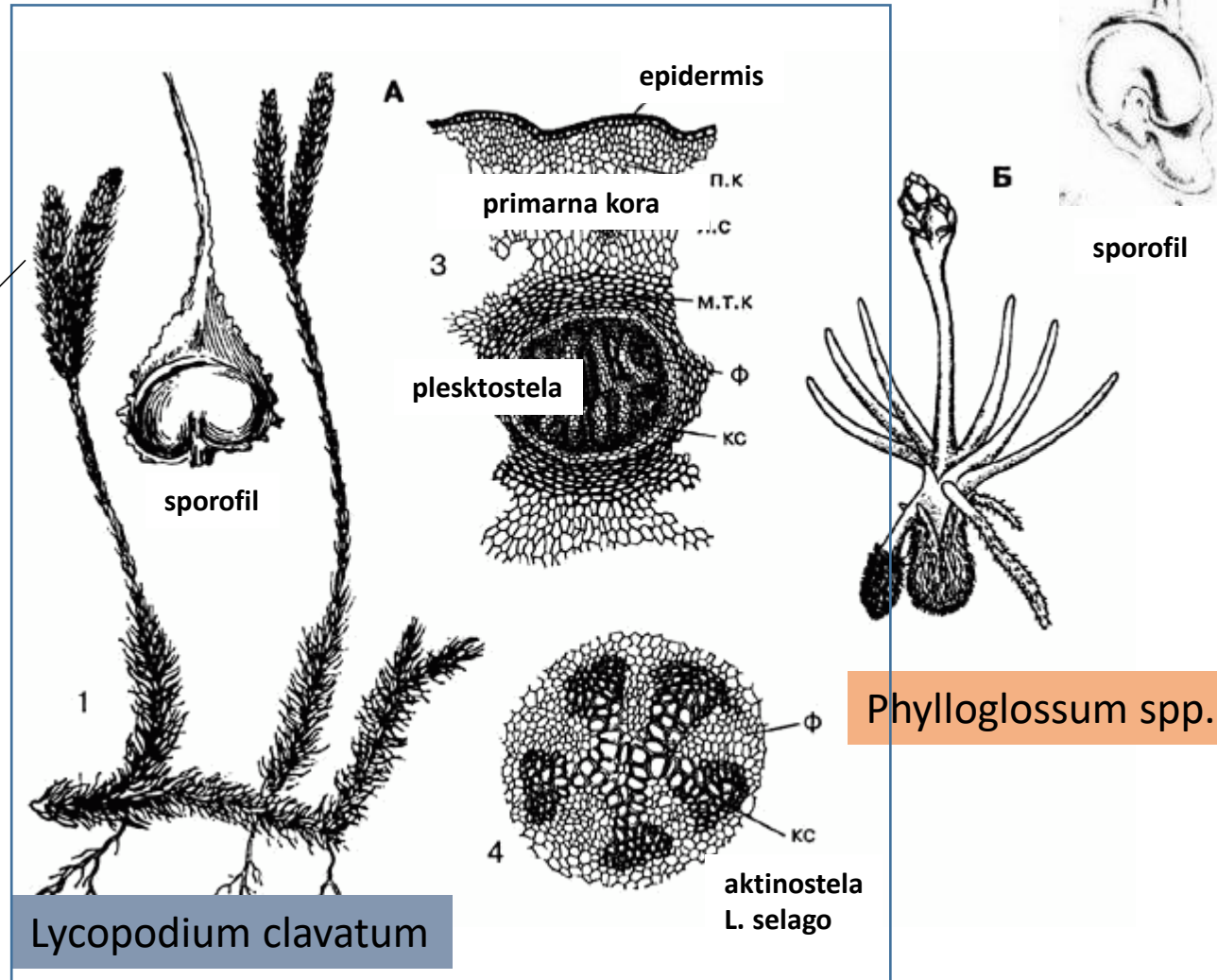
Sporofit: Gametofit generacija:

Recentni predstavnici

- o. Lycopodiales
- o. Selaginellales
- o. Isoetales

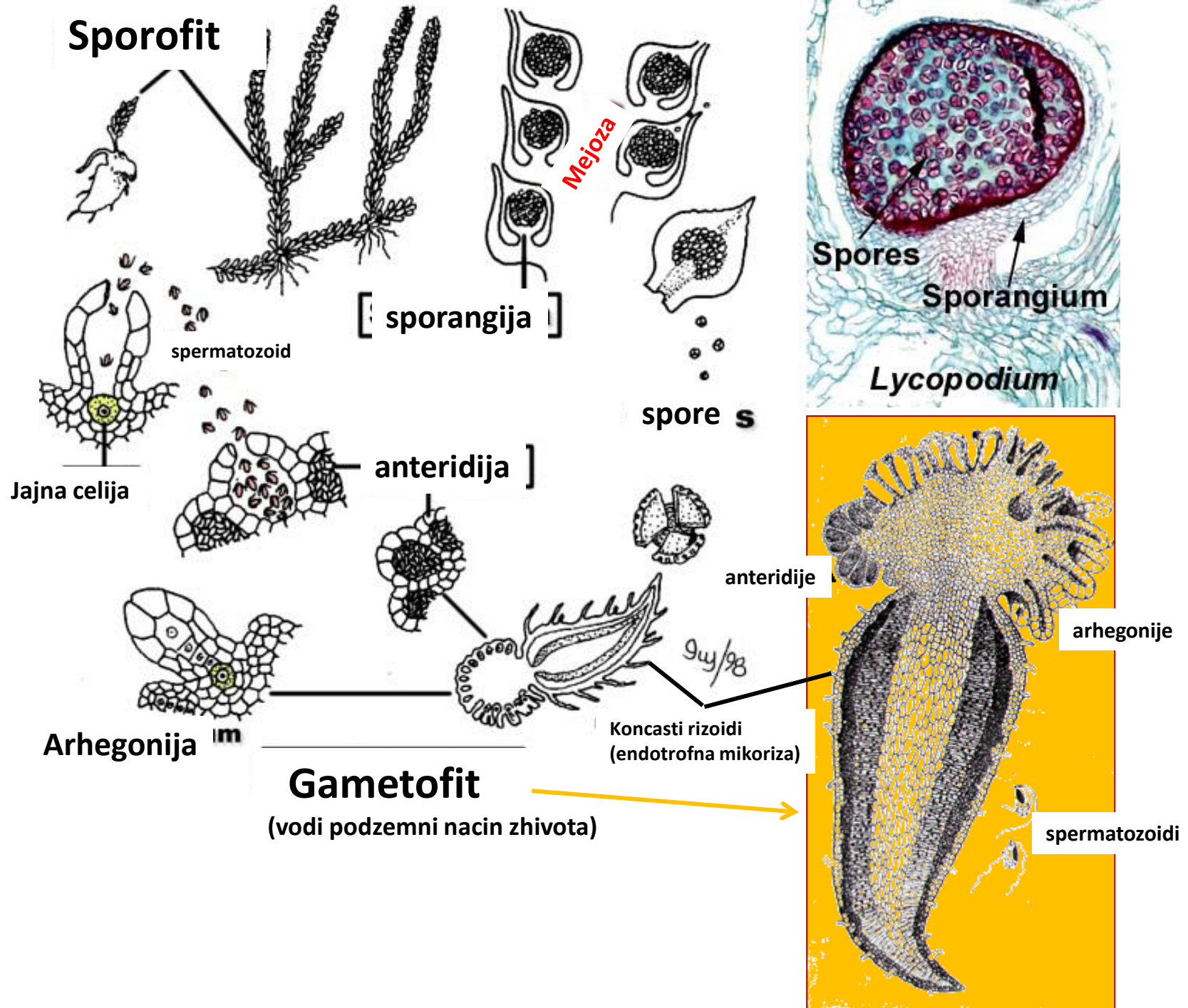
o. Lycopodiales
fam. Lycopodiaceae

Strobilus
(izosporni!)



Lycopodium (*Huperzia*, *Phlegmariurus*), *Phylloglossum* ...

Sporofit



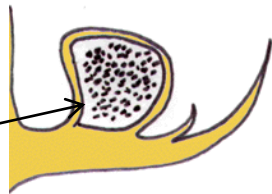
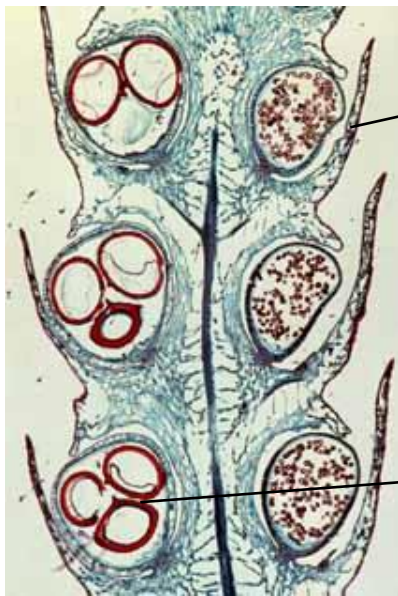
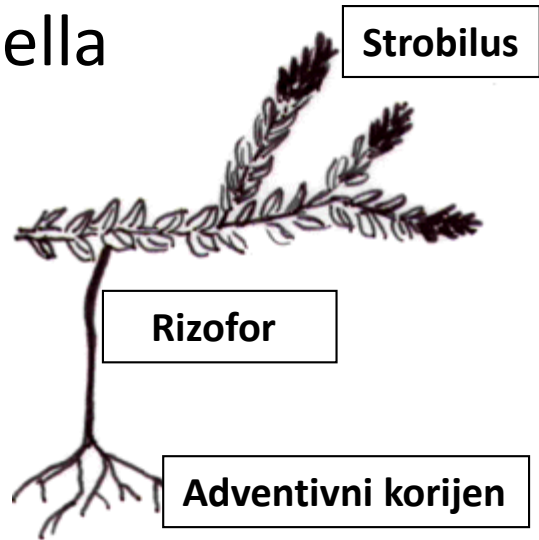


Huperzia selago (syn. *Lycopodium selago*)

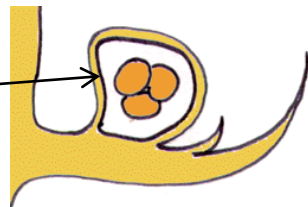


Lycopodium annotinum

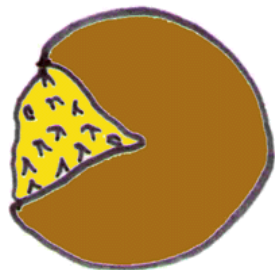
o. Selaginellales
fam. Selaginellaceae
g. Selaginella



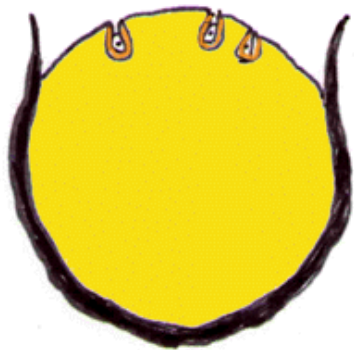
mikrosporangija



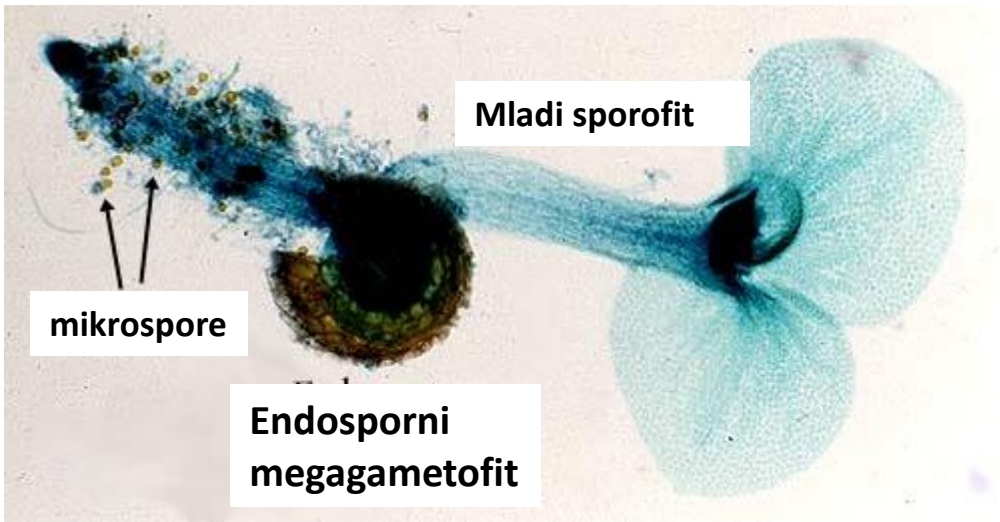
megasporangija



Mikrospore kojoj nastaje 128 ili 256 miliona spermatozoida

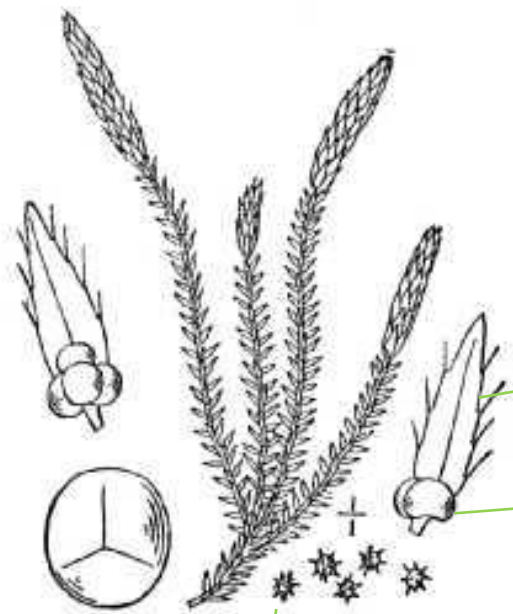


Megaspora sa megagametofitom (protalijum sa arhegonijama)



Selaginella denticulata





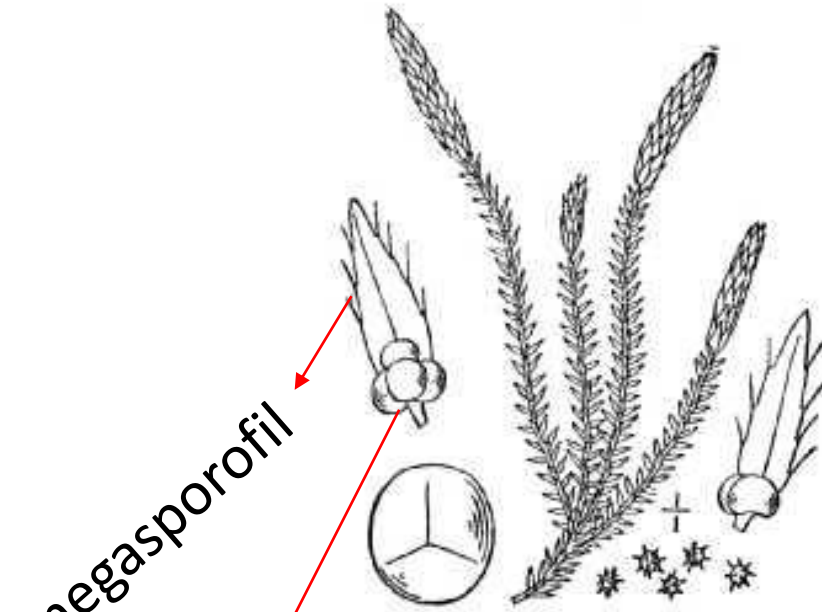
mikrospora

mikrosporofil

mikrosporangija



Selaginella selaginoides

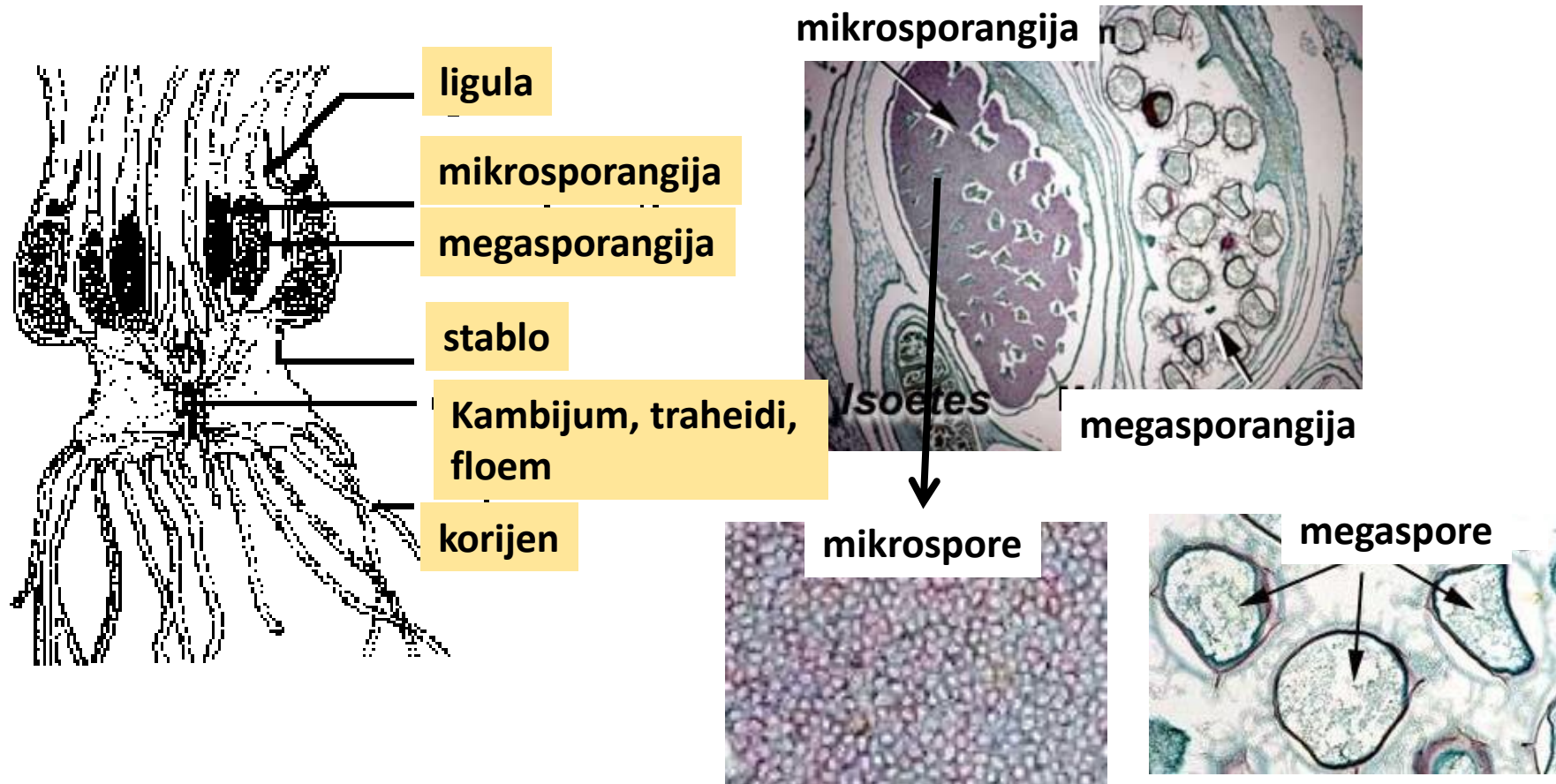


megasporeofil

megasporeangija

megaspore

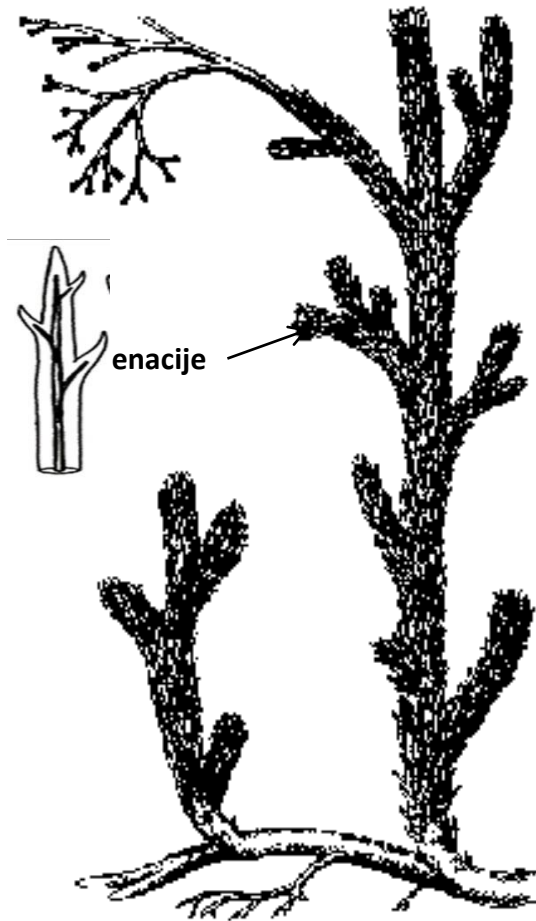
o. Isoetales
fam. Isoetaceae
g. Isoetes



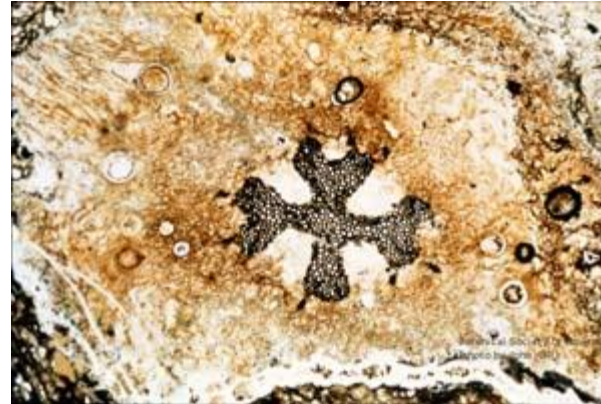
Fosilni predstavnici

- o. Asteroxylales (†)
- o. Protolepidodendrales (†)
- o. Lepidodendrales (†)

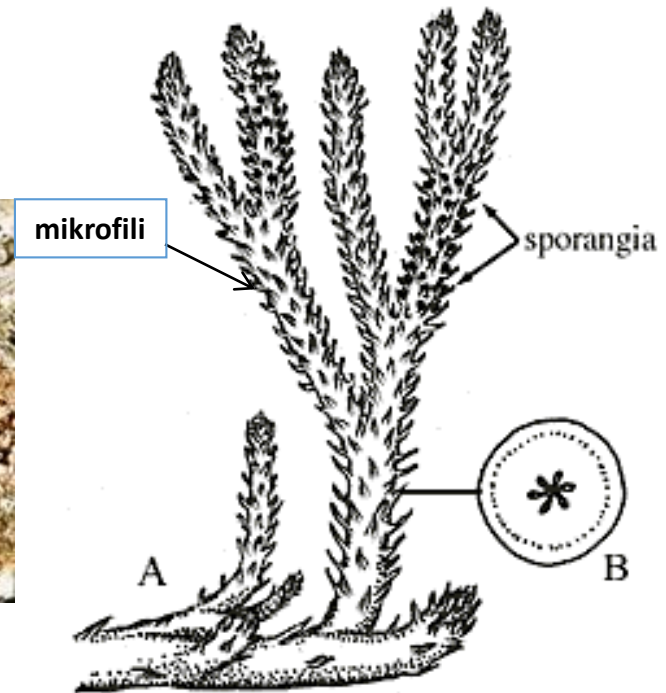
o. Asteroxylales (†)



***Asteroxylon* sp.**



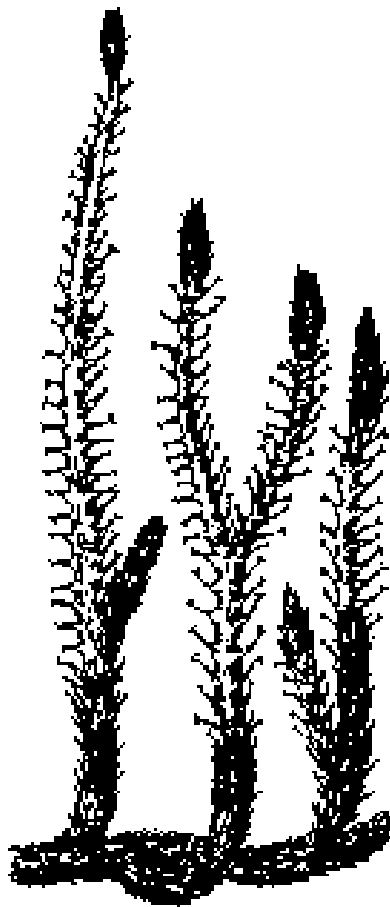
Presjek kroz stablo
(zvjezdasti ksilem, drvo).



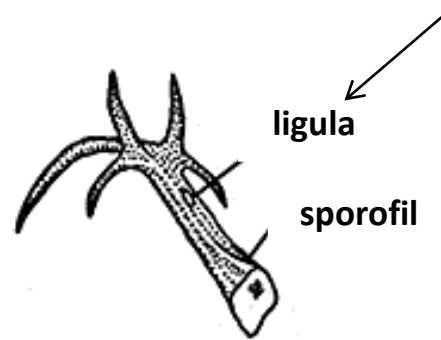
***Drephanohycus* sp.**

o. Protolepidodendrales (†)

(viljuškasti listovi)



Protolepidodendron sp.



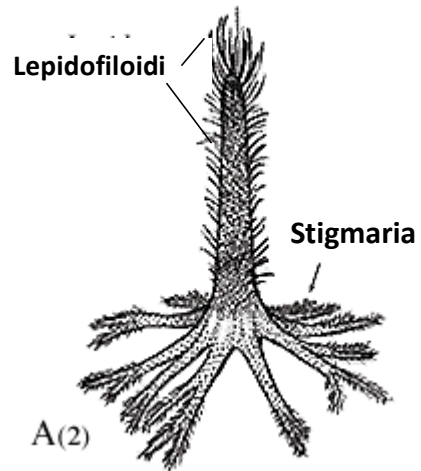
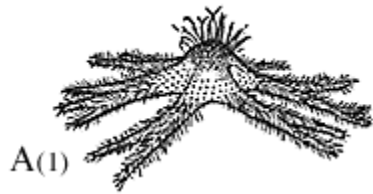
Kod recentnih prečica iz
klase Lycopodiopsida
ligula ne postoji!!!

Mikrofili *Leclercqia* sp.,
sporangija se nalazi
adaksijalno tačno ispod
jezička **ligule**.

Archaeosigillaria- još jedna izosporna prečica sa
ligulom!

o. Lepidodendrales (†)

**Lepidodendron sp.
(razviće)**



„korasto drveće“

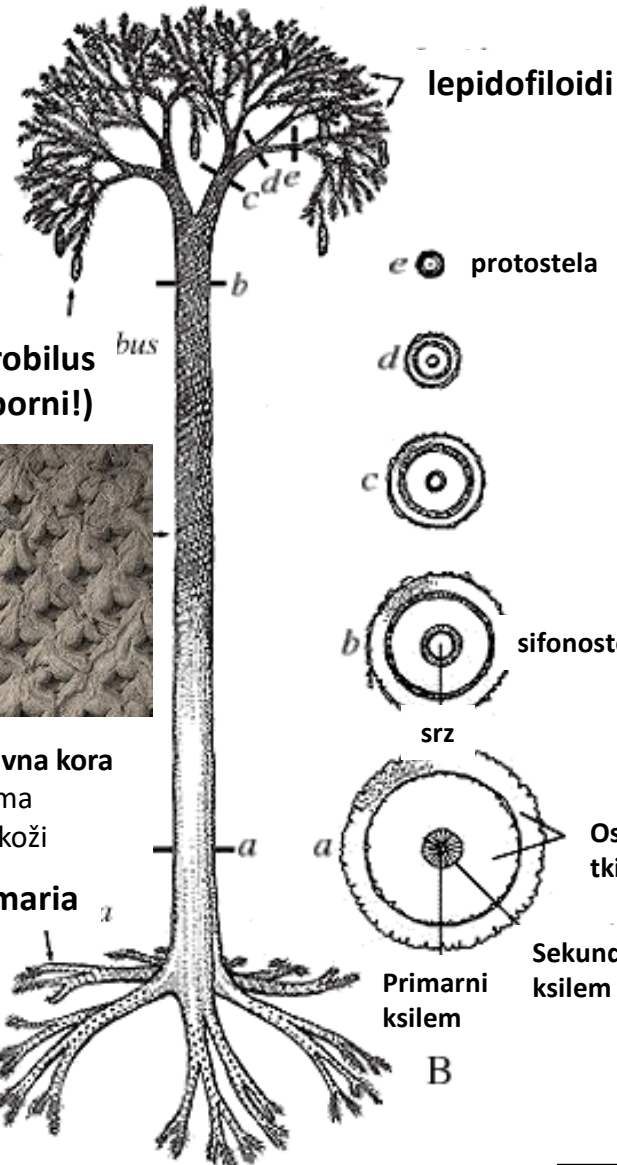
**Lepidostrobilus
(heterosporni!)**



Fotosistetički aktivna kora
sa lisnim jastučićima
nalik aligatorovoj koži

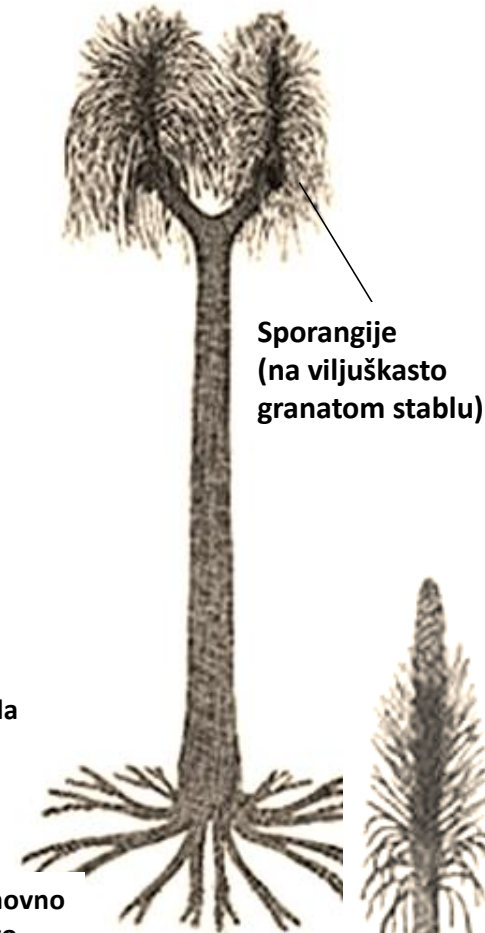
Stigmata

A(3)



Monokarpne biljke!!!

Sigillaria sp.



Pleuromeia sp.



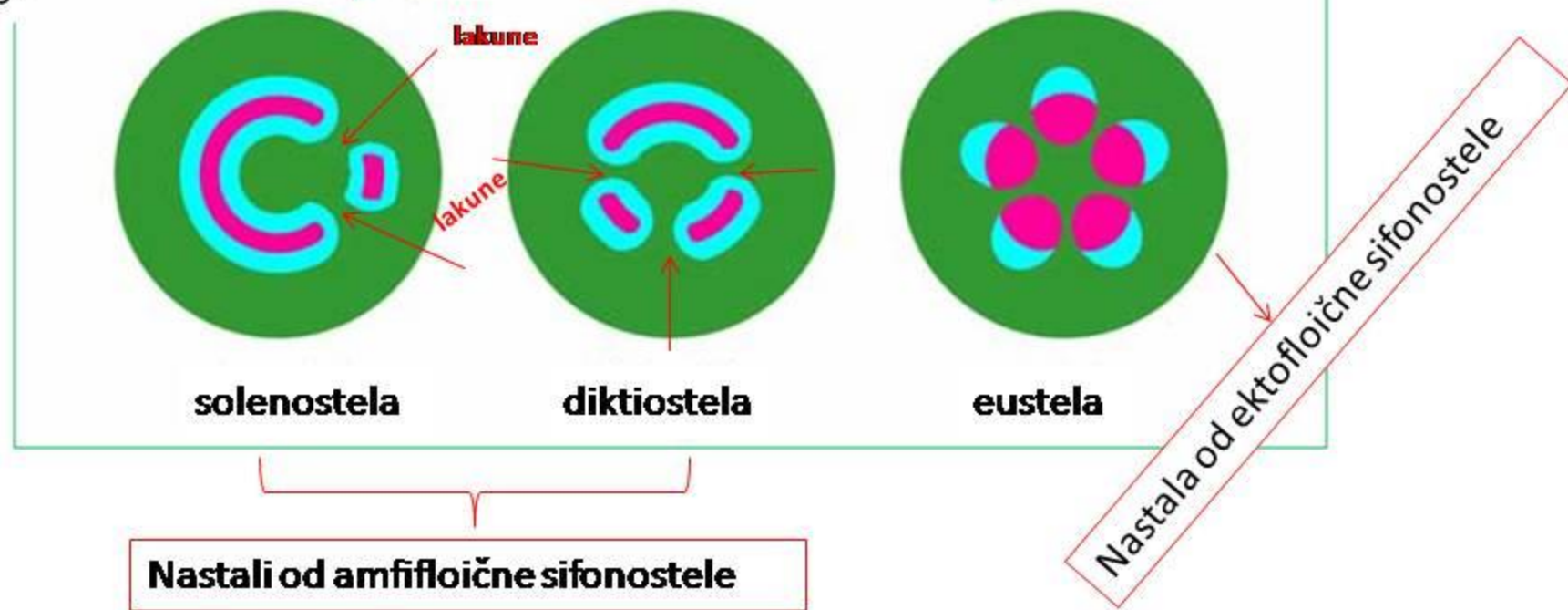
Euphyllophyta

Monilophyta

Spermatophyta

Protostela
Sifonostela

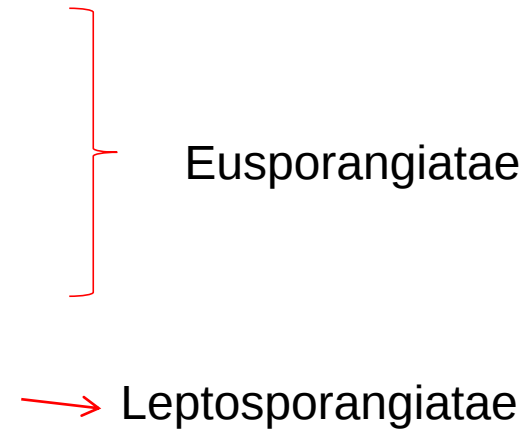
Tipovi sifonostele

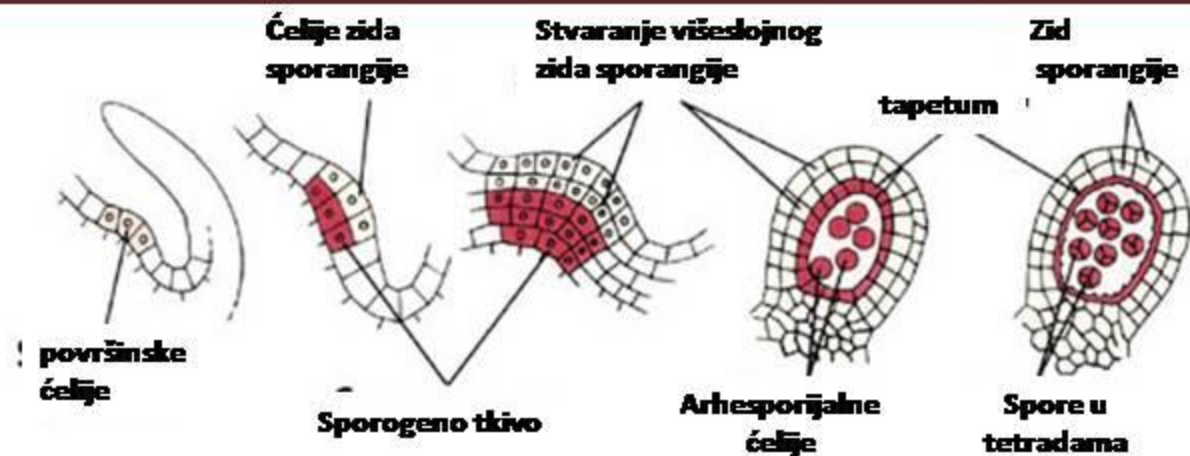


- **solenostela** – najprimitivniji tip sifonostele, u kojoj se javlja srž koja je okružena floemom i ksilemom (tipična za neke primitivne paprati).
- **diktiostela** – slična solenosteli, ali sa više lakuna u prstenu od floema u ksilema, na mjesti kojih se javljaju listovi (sreće se samo kod paprati).
- **eustela** – prsten od floema i ksilema je “razbijen” i diferenciran na provodne snopice, koji su kružno raspoređeni oko srži (tipičan za biljke sa sjemenom).

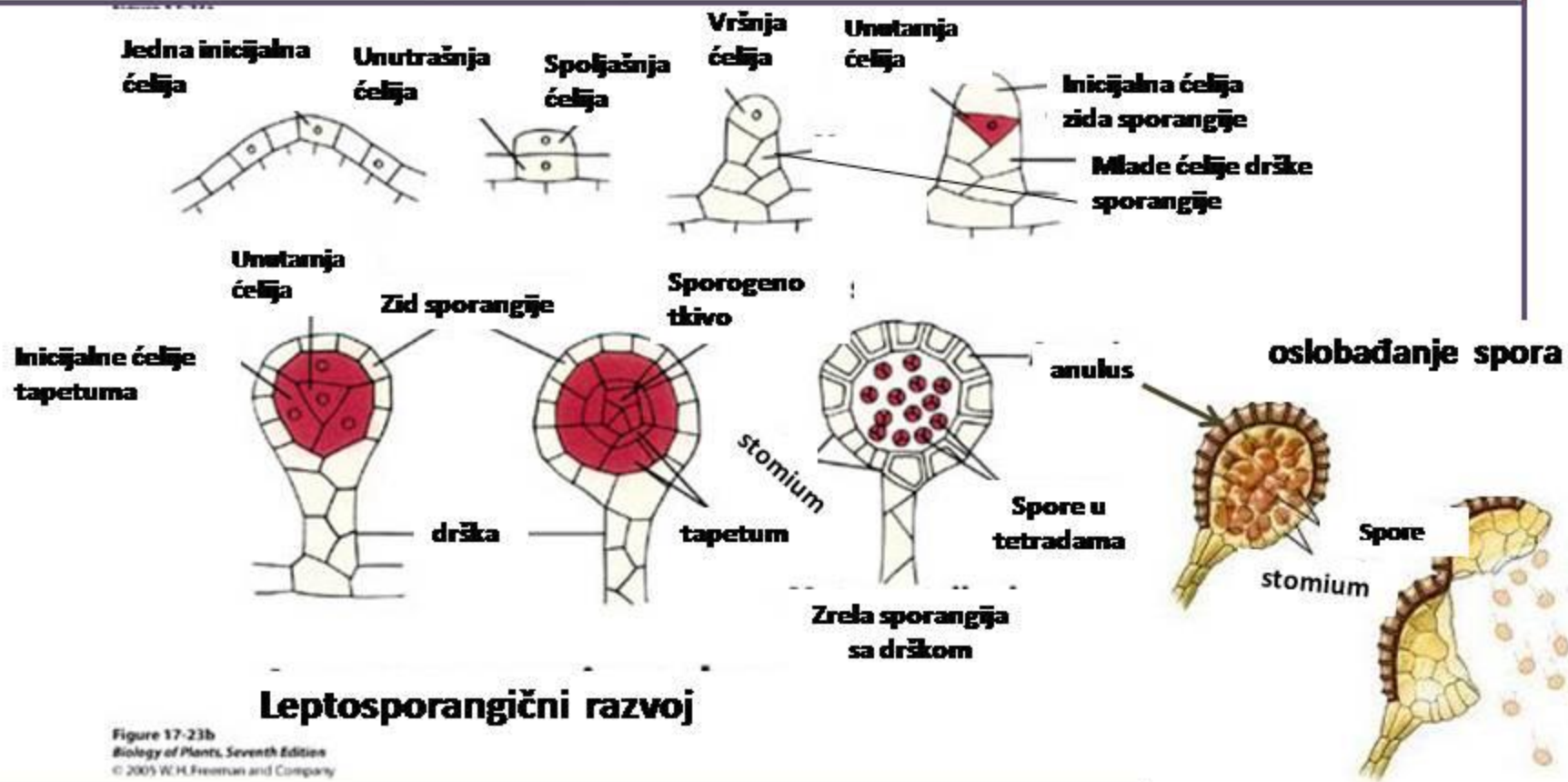
Monilophyta

- Psilotidae
- Equisetidae
- Marratiidae
- Polypodiidae





Eusporangični razvoj



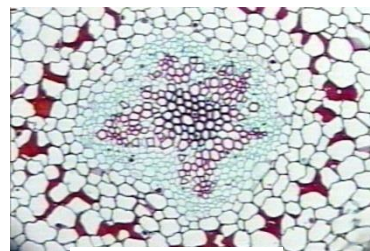
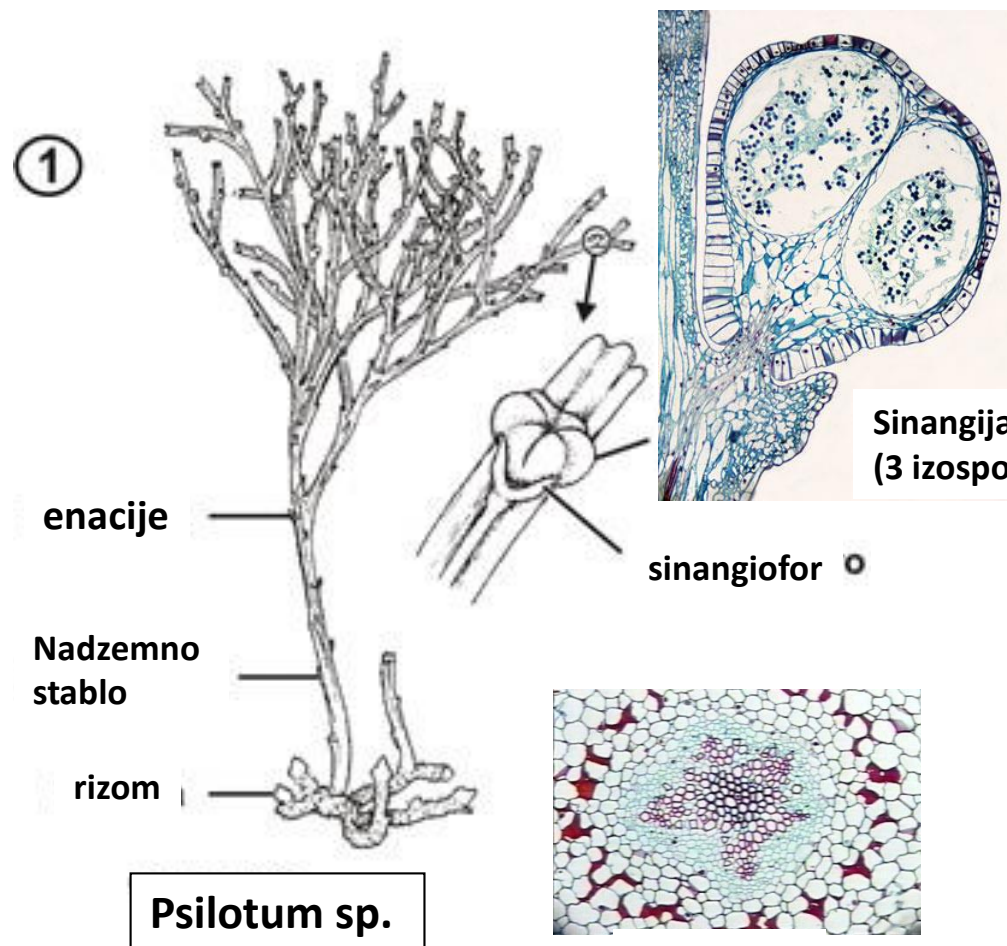
Psilotidae

(Divisio: Psilotophyta)

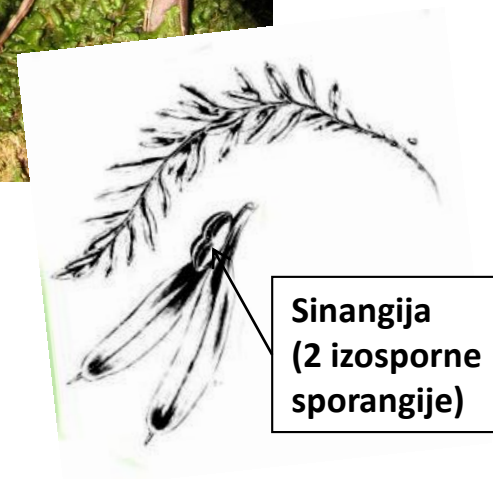
- Psilotales
- Ophioglossales

Psilotales

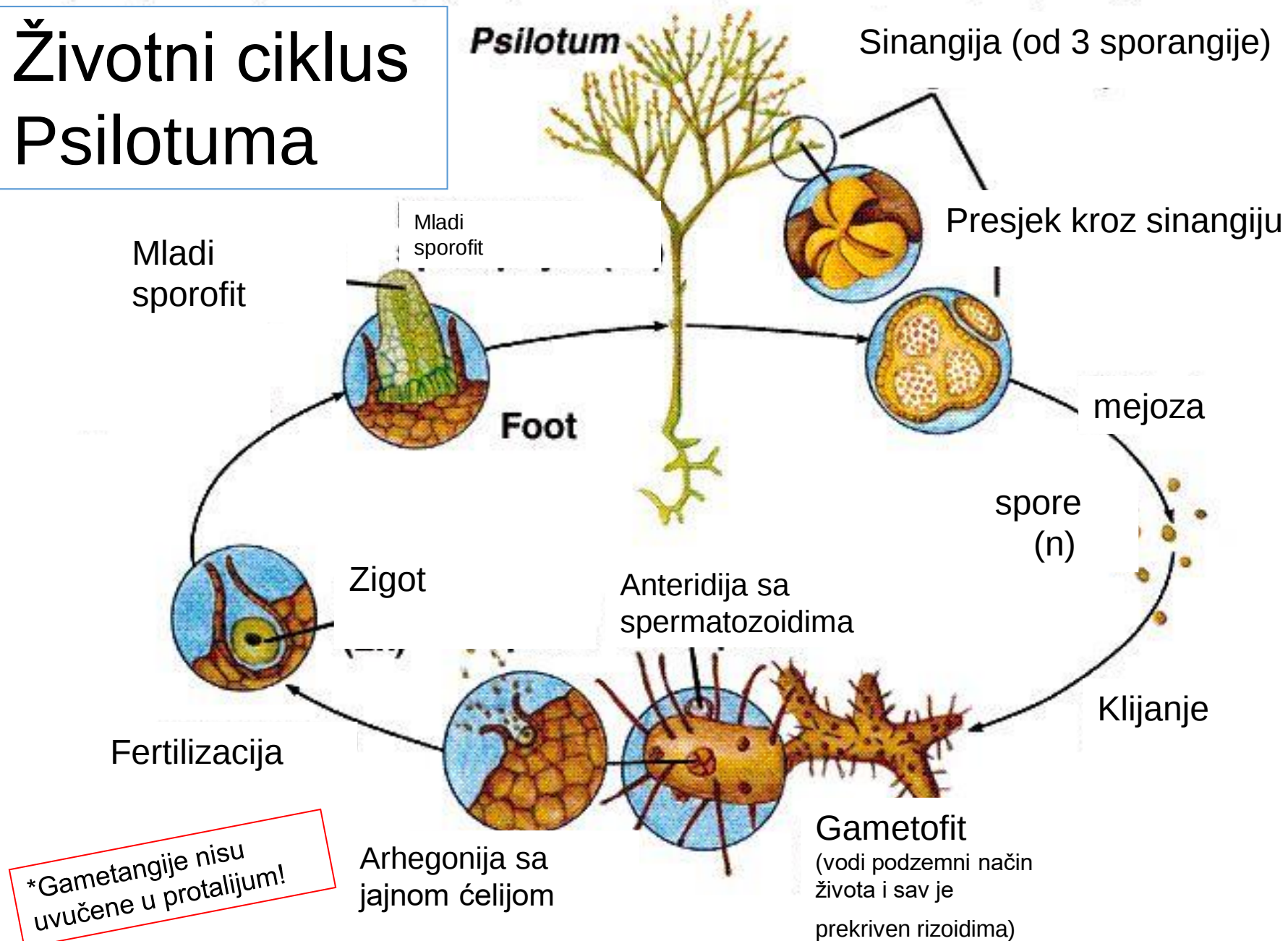
Potpuno odsustvo korjena!!!



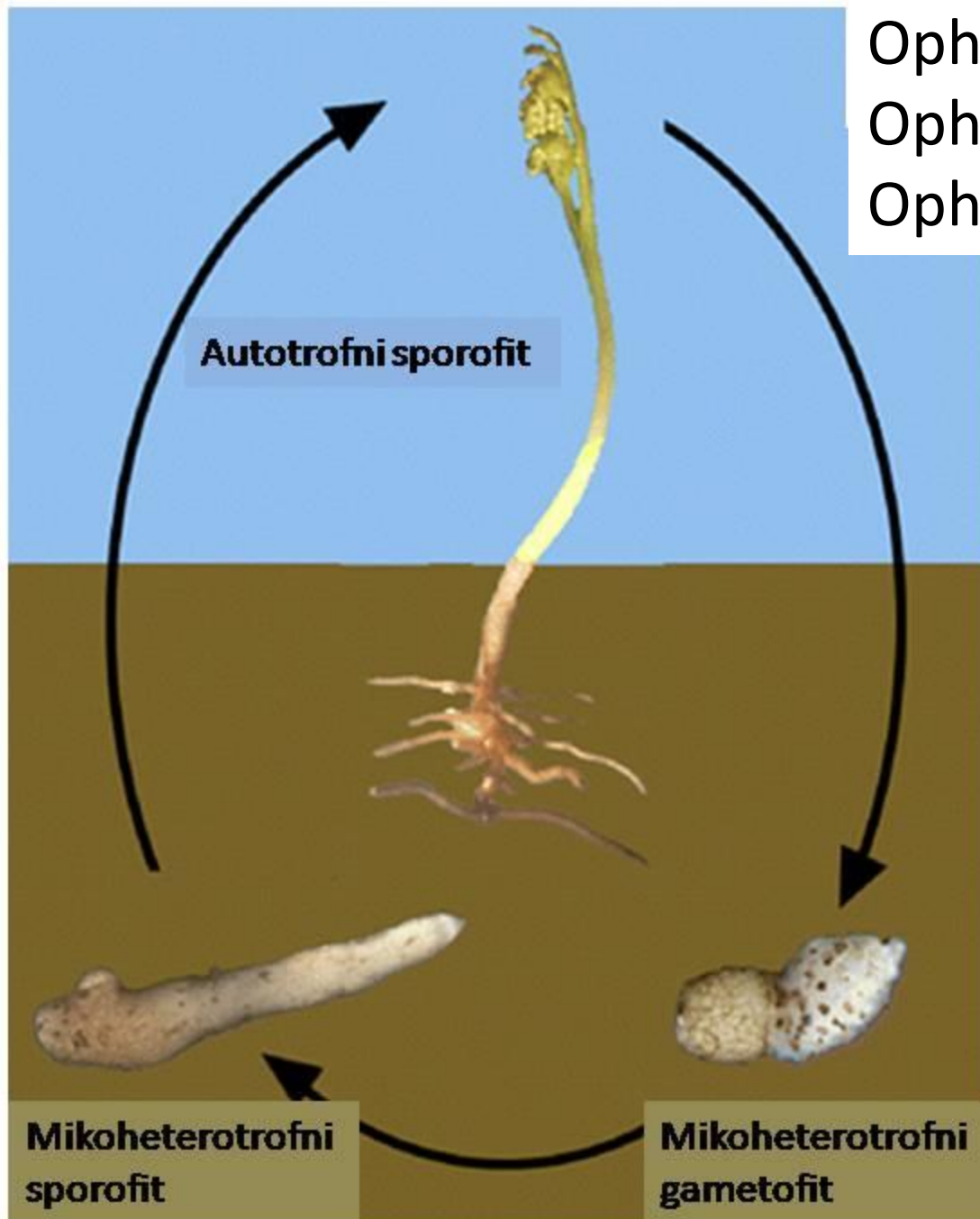
Sinangija
(3 izosporne sporangije)



Životni ciklus Psilotuma



Ophioglossales
Ophioglossaceae
Ophioglossum vulgatum



Fam. Ophioglossaceae



Ophioglossum ssp.
Sporofil i trofofil jednostavni!



Botrychium lunaria
Sporofil i trofofil granati!